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Yarmouth, *Jan.* 26.

ON Monday last arrived here two of His Majesties Frigats from *Flanders*, from whence they have brought some of the *English* Troops that were there.

Portsmouth; *Jan.* 28. At *Spithead* is arrived the *Staveren*, Captain *Shelton* Commander, with Soldiers from *Flanders*.

Venice, *Jan* 14. We have advice by the means of a Moor of *Sally*, who was lately taken at Sea, that the *Algierines* are making very great preparations for the attacking of *Oran*, which they intend to do with a great Force, being very much incensed at a late Sally the Garison of *Oran* made, in which they took a great many Prisoners, and much Booty. The last Letters we received from *Constantinople*, came over Land, and told us, that amidst the preparations that the *Turks* and *Moscovites* were making for carrying on the War, endeavors were likewise used to make a Peace, and that in order thereunto several Proposals had been made, but with little appearance of bringing them to any effect.

Vienna, *Jan.* 20. There is some striving between the two Parties, into which the Malecontents of *Hungary* are at present divided, who shall prevail in the resolutions that they are now going to take, to accept the terms offered by the Emperor in order to a Peace, or to continue the War; Count *Teckeley* labors with all the interest imaginable to effect the first, being the more disposed thereunto, because of the Marriage concluded between him and the daughter of the Prince of *Transilvania*, which is not to be consummated, till such time as he be restored to his Estate, (at present in the hands of the *Imperialists*, in *Hungary*) which he would be, in case the Peace were made; but Count *Weselini*, who is the chief of the other Party, endeavors to reject the Conditions offered, as too disadvantageous, and as such as give them little security in the main Points of their Liberties, and Religion, and to persuade the *Hungarians* to pursue the War, till they may be able to end it with more safety to themselves, than they should now do: which of these Parties will prevail, we cannot yet make any judgment of, till their Deputy return hither, with their answer to what he was charged with upon his departure from hence.

Dantzick, *Jan.* 22. A few dayes may determine very much in the affairs of *Prussia*, for things draw near a *Crisis*, the Elector of *Brandenburgh* advancing with great journies, in resolution to put things to the issue of a Battel; and that the rather, because his Forces exceed those of the *Suedes*. The Letters from *Poland* say, that the Nobility at the Dyet did generally incline to preserve the Kingdom in the enjoyment of its present Peace, and not to disturb it, by taking any part in this War between the Crown of *Sueden*, and the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, though the *French* Ambassador did labor all he could to dispose them in favor of the *Suedes*, in consideration of the advantage the Crown would receive by it, in case the Ducal *Prussia* were again united to the Crown, which the *Suedes* offer to do, if the *Poles* will assist them in order to it. We have not of late had any account of what is doing between the *Turks* and the *Moscovites*, but it is not to be doubted but we shall hear of their actions, so soon as the weather is proper for them.

Copenhagen, *Jan.* 21. The account we recieve from *Nimeguen* of the great progress that is made in the Negotiation between the *Imperial* and *French* Ambassadors, and of the likelihood there is of its ending in a Peace before the end of this month, is very unwelcome to this Court, as doubtless it is to the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, and the Princes of *Lunenburg*, who will, if the Peace take place, be left alone to carry on the War against the Forces of *France*, as well as of *Sueden*. This consideration, some will have it, has obliged the Princes abovementioned to apply their thoughts likewise to Peace, and that endeavors are at this time using to make it, not without hopes of succeeding in them.

Ditto, *Jan.* 25. Some Persons come over from *Schonen*, tell us, that the King of *Sueden* is with the principal Officers of his Army at *Helmstadt*, and would continue there till he take the Field. That the Parties had now and then Rencounters, in which some Prisoners had been taken on both sides. That the *Suedes* Prisoners could only say, that the preparations for the Campagne were made with all the application possible, and that the King purposed to be in the Field before the end of *March*.

Hamburgh, *Jan.* 29. The News that was spread in Town, at the parting of our last Letters, concerning an Engagement between the *Suedes*, and the Elector of *Brandenburgh's* Troops, under the command of Lieutenant General *Gortski* in *Prussia*, comes to nothing, but we are in expectation to receive an account of one, as soon as the Elector of *Brandenburgh* arrives there with the Troops he carried with him from *Pomeren*. The Ministers of this City at *Nimeguen*, have writ to the Senate, that the Peace between the Emperor and *France*, would, without all doubt, be concluded before this month expires, notwithstanding the opposition which the Ambassadors of the King of *Denmark*, and the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, endeavor to make therein. There are those which say, that these Princes are likewise treating, about making the Peace of the North, seeing they are like to be otherwise left alone in the War.

Francfort, *Jan.* 22. It is somewhat wondred at by many People, that an Assembly should be appointed here of the Ministers of the several Allies, for the taking such measures as should be thought best, for the carrying on the War, when at the same time the dispositions to a Peace are so great at the Court at *Vienna*, as our last Letters spoke them to be, and that the appearances of its being very sud-

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